## Formal Languages and Automata Theory Homework 7 (CFL-2), Due date 5.12.2017

Yulia Zinova

WiSe 2017/2018, Heinrich-Heine-Universität Düsseldorf

Consider the following grammars:

- $G_1 = \langle \{S, A\}, \{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, \{S \rightarrow AdA \mid AeA \mid AfA, A \rightarrow S \mid a \mid b \mid c\}, S \rangle$
- $G_2 = \langle \{S, A, R, L\}, \{(,)\}, \{S \to AR \mid SS \mid \epsilon, A \to LS, R \to \}, L \to \{\}, S \rangle$

**Exercise 1** (8 points) Provide derivations (identify whether they are rightmost, leftmost, or neither) and derivation trees for the following strings:

- aecfa (using  $G_1$ )
- bfbdcea (using  $G_1$ )
- ()(()) (using  $G_2$ )
- ((())) (using  $G_2$ )

**Exercise 2** (2 points) Describe what kind of strings are generated by  $G_1$  and  $G_2$ .

**Exercise 3** (4 points) Are  $G_1$  and  $G_2$  ambiguous or not? Motivate your answer.

**Exercise 4** (2 points) Are  $G_1$  and  $G_2$  in Chomsky Normal Form or not? Motivate your answer.