

Qualitative Citation Analysis Based on Formal Concept Analysis

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Overview

- **aim:** to present the FCA as an applicable method in the bibliometrics
- **method:** Formal concept analysis (FCA)
- **approach:** an example of bibliographic analysys using FCA
- tools and applications
- outlook

Some Basic Objectives and Aims of Bibliographic Studies

- citations and references (co-citations, co-references)
- co-authorship and scientific cooperation
- journal impact factor

Some Basic Objectives and Aims of Bibliographic Studies

- discovery of scientific influences and knowledge flows
- showing trends („hottest“ themes)
- determining the influential journals, authors and scientific ideas
- strategic publishing

Basic terms: Bibliographic Coupling

Publication P

Text text text text text text text text text
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References:

- Publication A
- Publication B

Publication R

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References:

- Publication B
- Publication C

Publications *P* and *R* are
bibliographically coupled
by the publication *B*.

Basic Terms: Co-citation

Publication P

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References:

- Publication A
- Publication B

Publications *A* and *B* are co-cited by the publication *P*.

Publication R

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References:

- Publication B
- Publication C

Basic terms: Co-authorship

Publication P

Authors: A1

A2

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text text text text text text text text

References:

- Publication A
- Publication B

The authors A1 and A2 are co-authors of the Publication P.

Publication R

Authors: A1

A3, A4

Text text text text text text text text
text text text text text text text text

References:

- Publication B
- Publication C

Quantitative and Qualitative Citation Analysis

Quantitative methods:

- applying of statistical methods

Qualitative methods:

- revealing of trends (citation or publication trends, patterns of co-authorship)
- visualisation – citation graphs, digrams

Formal Concept Analysis (FCA)

Formal Context

Def.: A **formal context** K is a tripel (G, M, I) where

- G is a set of objects
- M is a set of attributes
- I is a binary relation $I \subseteq G \times M$ where $(g, m) \in I$ is read as "object g has attribute m."

	direkt verwandt	älter	jünger	männlich	weiblich	eindeutig	andere Generation
Vater	×	×		×	×	×	×
Mutter	×	×			×	×	×
Bruder	×	×		×			
Schwester	×	×			×		
Kind	×		×				
Sohn	×		×	×			
Tochter	×		×		×		
Onkel		×		×			
Tante		×			×		
Opa		×		×			
Oma		×			×		
Cousin			×				
Cousine				×			
Neffe		×	×				
Nichte		×		×			

Formal Concept Analysis (FCA)

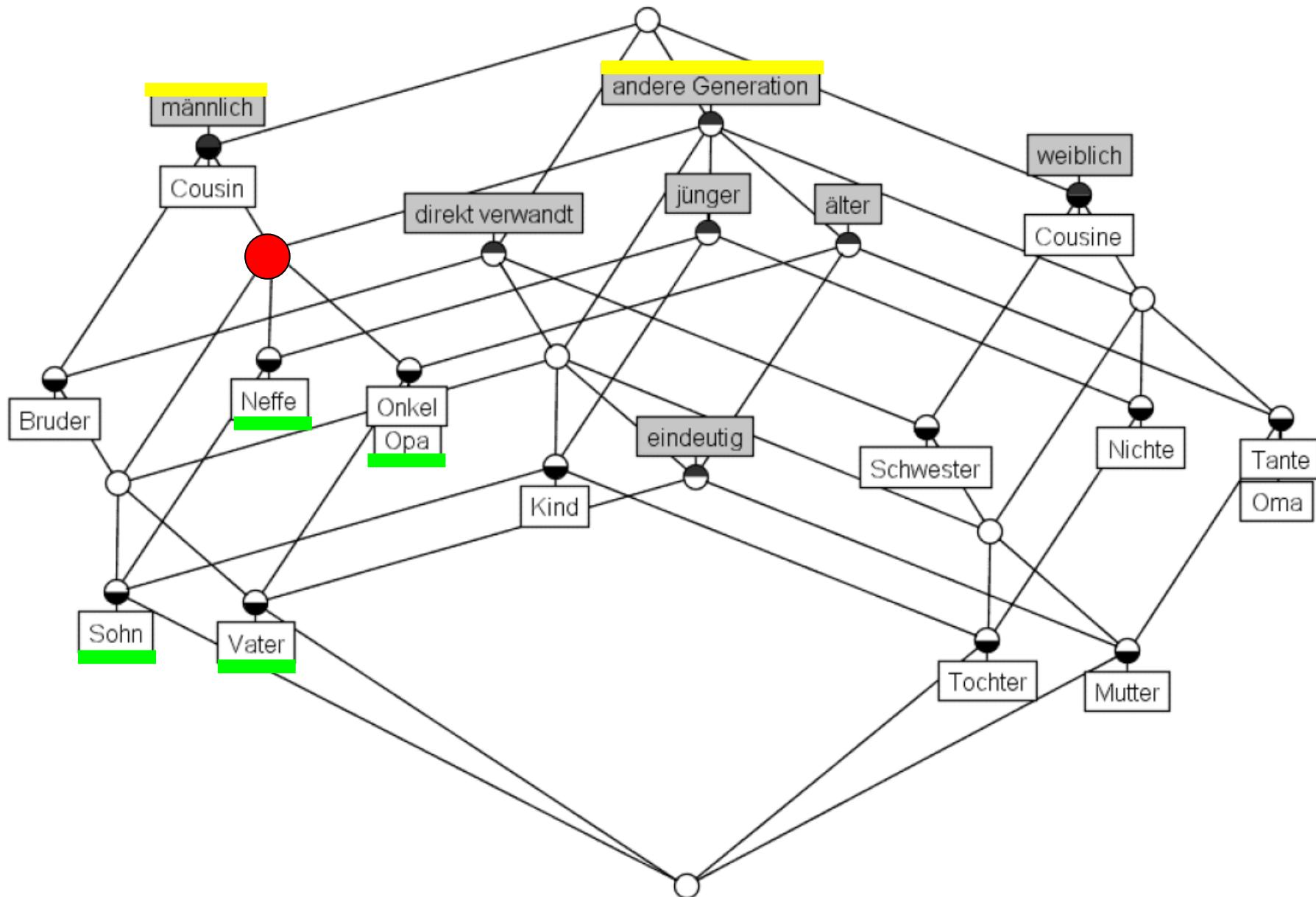
Formal Concept:

Def.: for $A \subseteq G$ and $B \subseteq M$ be $A' = \{m \in M \mid \forall g \in A: (g, m) \in I\}$ $B' = \{g \in G \mid \forall m \in B: (g, m) \in I\}$

Def.: (A, B) is a **formal concept** of the formal context (G, M, I) if $A \subseteq G$, $B \subseteq M$, $A' = B$ and $B' = A$.
 A is called the **extent** and B the **intent** of the concept.

	direkt verwandt	älter	jünger	männlich	weiblich	eindeutig	andere Generation
Vater	×	×		×		×	×
Mutter	×	×			×	×	×
Bruder	×			×			
Schwester	×				×		
Kind	×		×				×
Sohn	×		×	×			×
Tochter	×		×		×		×
Onkel		×		×			×
Tante		×			×		×
Opa		×		×			×
Oma		×			×		×
Cousin				×			
Cousine					×		
Neffe		×	×				×
Nichte		×			×		×

FCA: Concept Lattice



Citation Analysis with FCA

	1	2	3	4	5	6
c1			x			
c2			x	x	x	x
c3				x		x
c4					x	
c5						
c6						

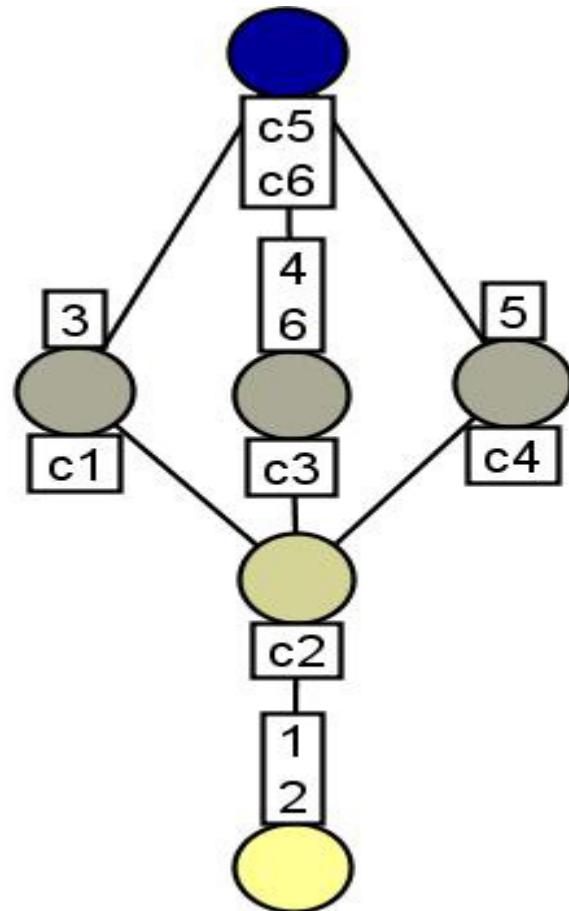
- The citation of a publication P is denoted by $\text{cite}(P)$ or shorthand cP .
- The intent of the object concept of $\text{cite}(X)$, i. e. the citation of publication X, is the set of publications citing X.
- Example: The intent of the object concept $c2$ is $\{3,4,5,6\}$.
- The extent of the attribute concept of a publication X is the set of citations in X
- Example: The extent of the attribute concept 3 is $\{c1,c2\}$.

Co-citation

- Two publications are co-cited if they both are cited by a third publication.

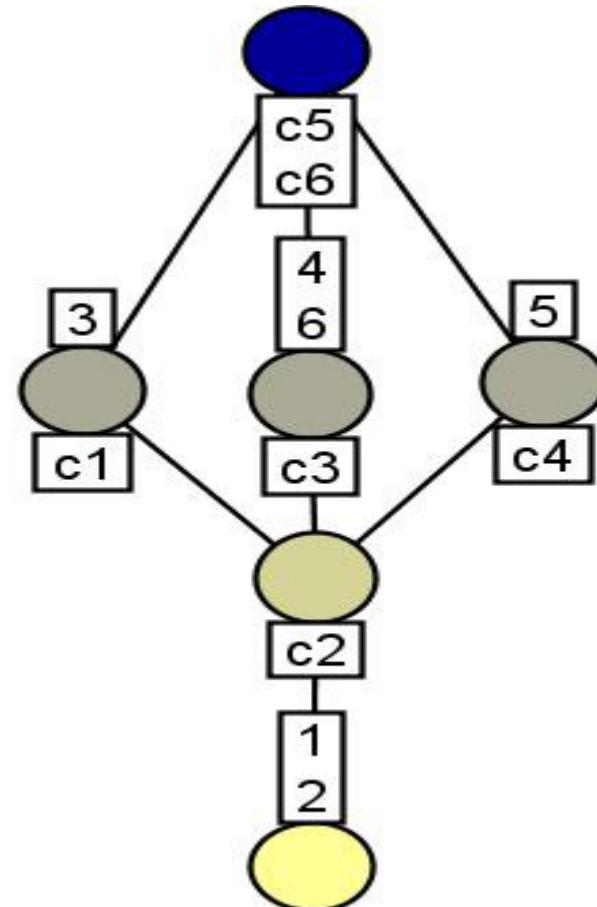
- $P, R \in \text{Pub}$ are co-cited iff $\{\text{cite}(P), \text{cite}(R)\} \neq \{\}$

- Example:
1 and 2 are co-cited (both are cited by 3).
 $\text{cite}(1)=c_1$, $\text{cite}(2)=c_2$, $\{c_1, c_2\} = \{3\}$

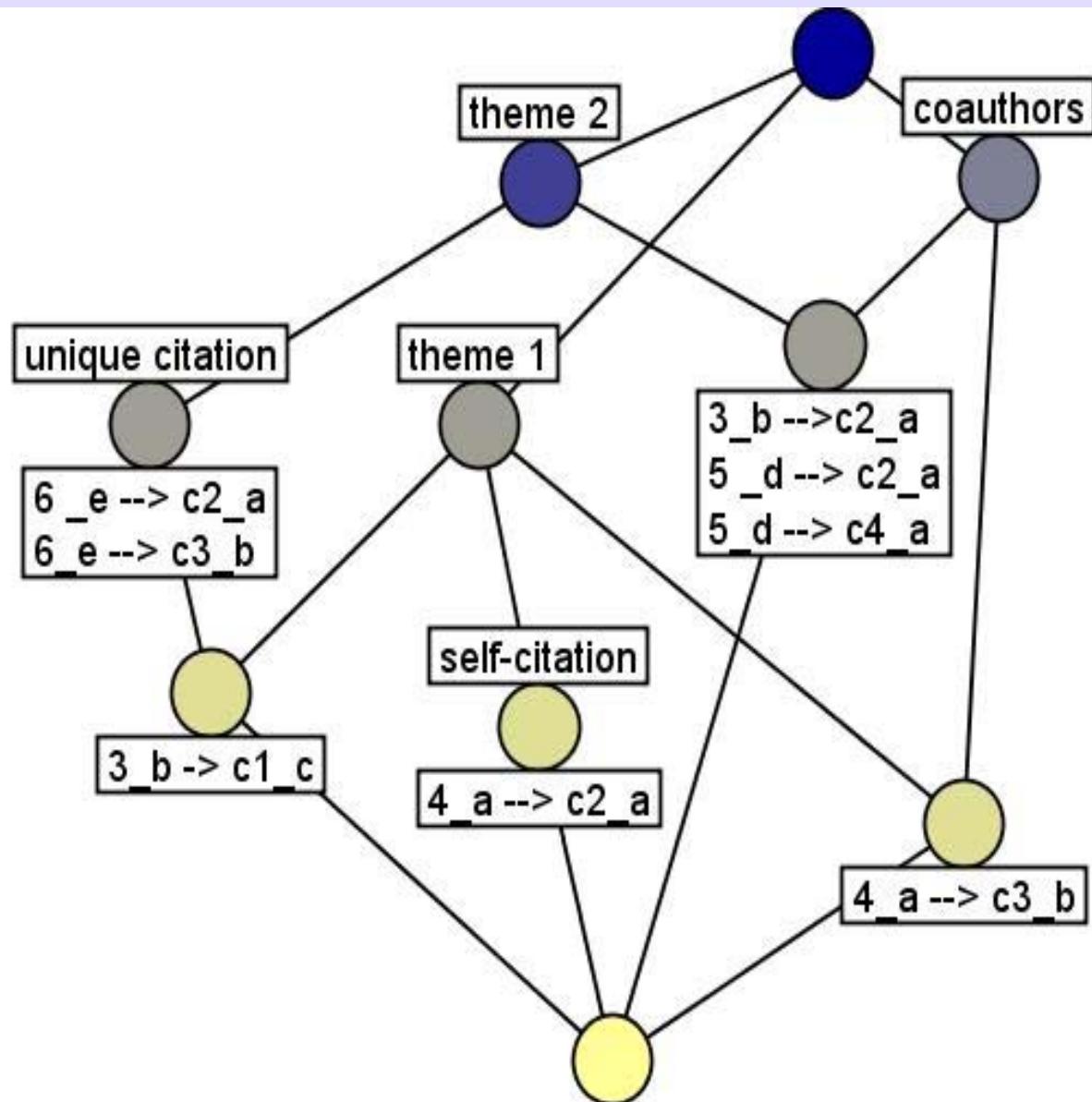


Bibliographic Coupling

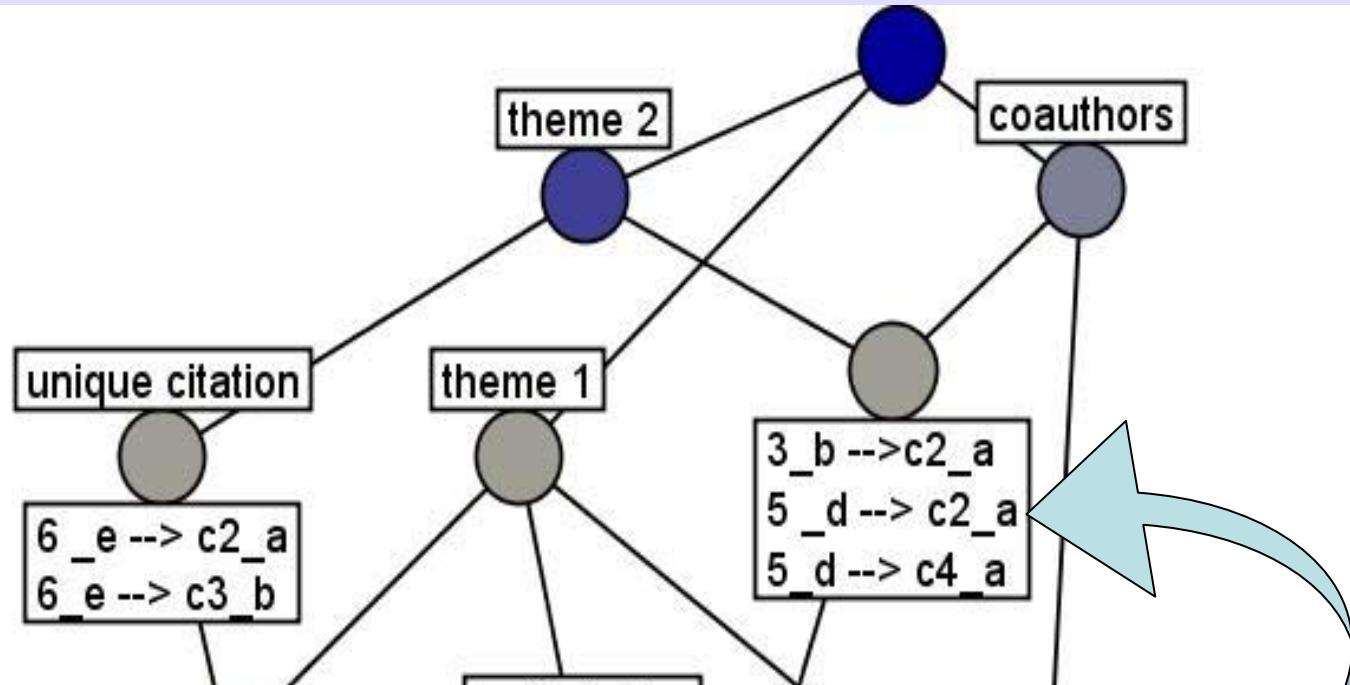
- Two publications are bibliographic coupled if they share a common reference
- $P, R \in \text{Pub}$ are bibliographic coupled iff $\{P, R\} \neq \{\}$
- The strength of the bibliographic coupling is $|\{p, r\}|$ (the number of references which both the publications share)
- Example: 4 and 6 are bibliographic coupled by c3, c2 ($\{4, 6\} = \{c3, c2\}$).



A Model of Self-citations

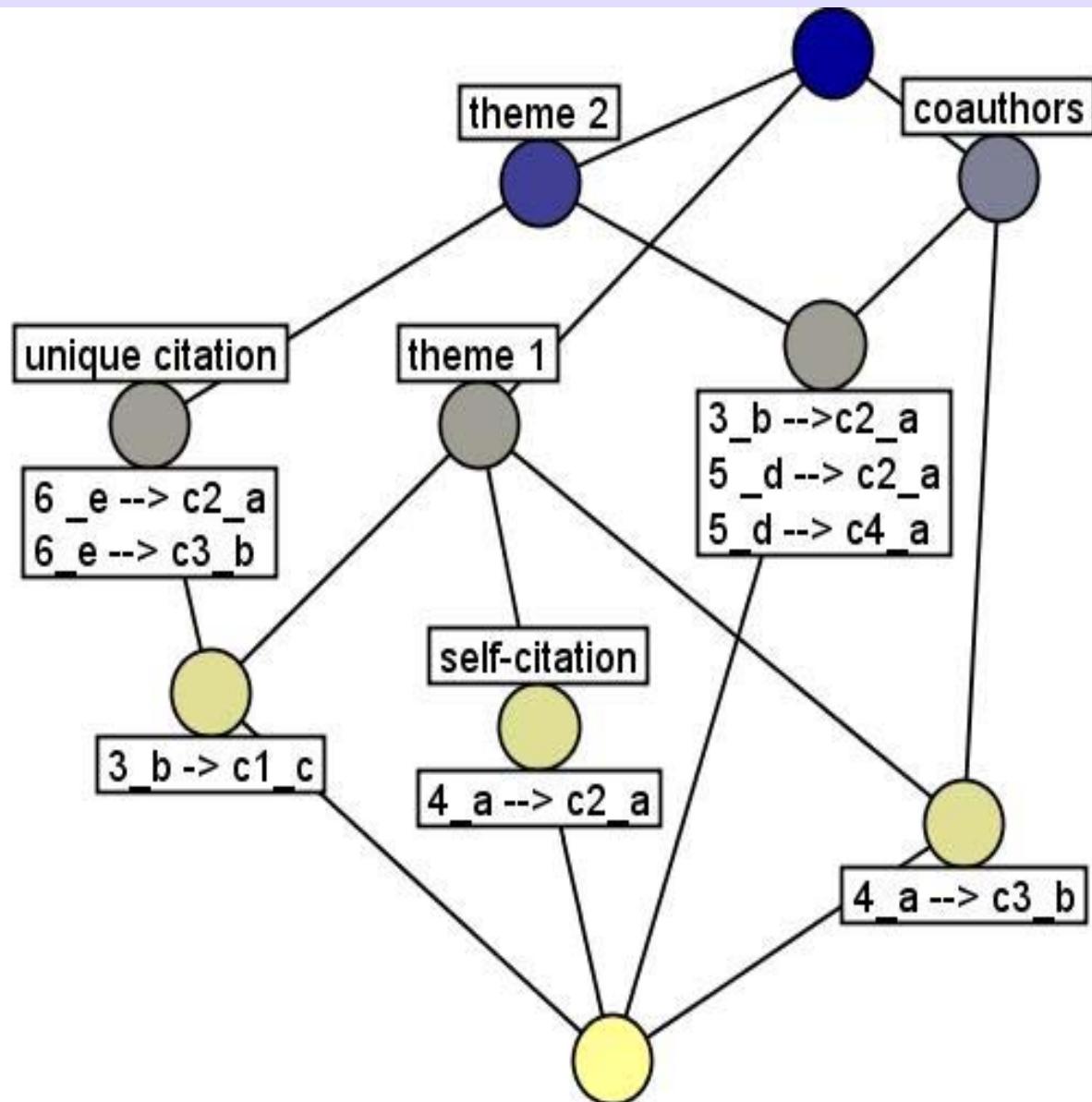


A Model of Self-citations



	1	2	3	4	5	6
c1			x			
c2			x	x	x	x
c3				x		x
c4					x	
c5						
c6						

Self-citations



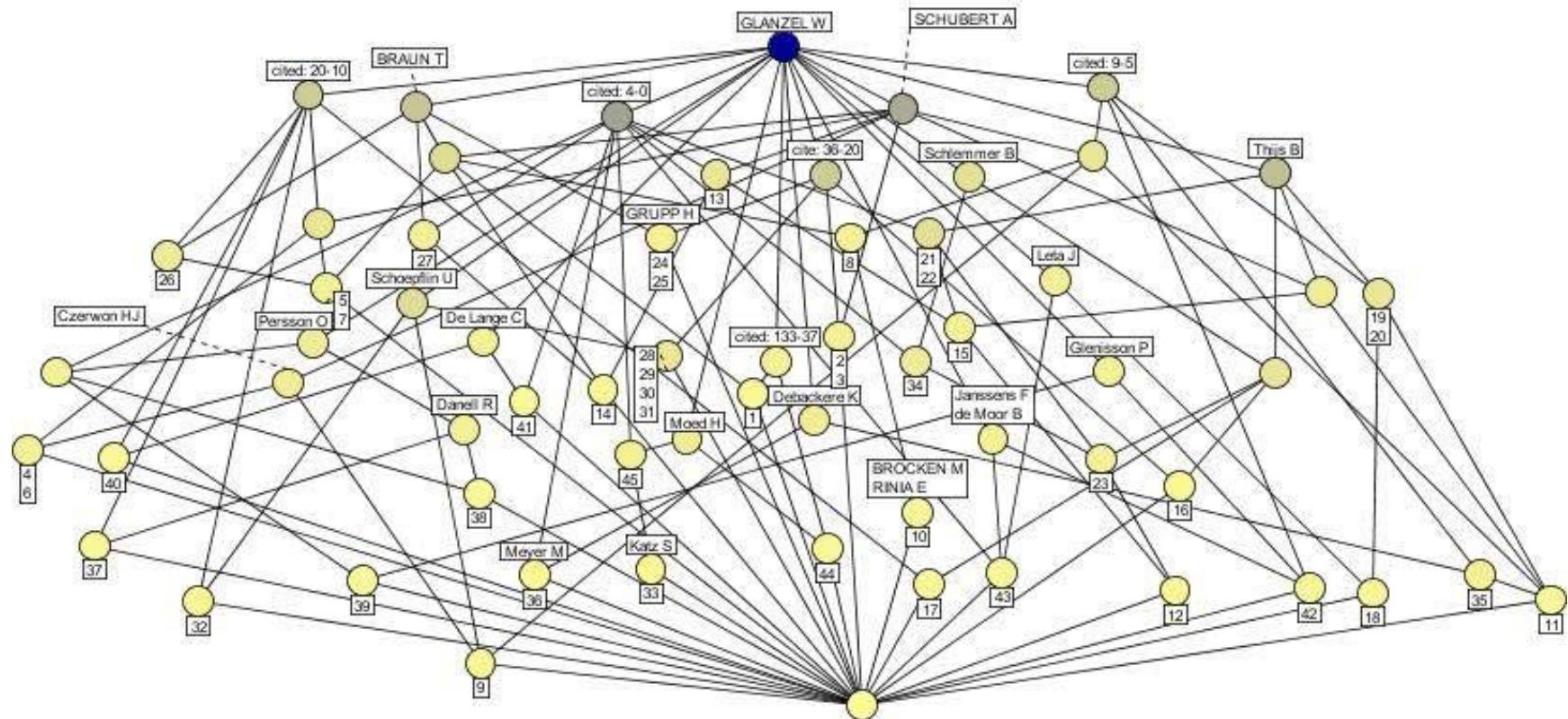
Co-authorship

- The research: discovering and analysing the scientific cooperations in the field of bibliometrics
- Query in *Web of Knowledge*:

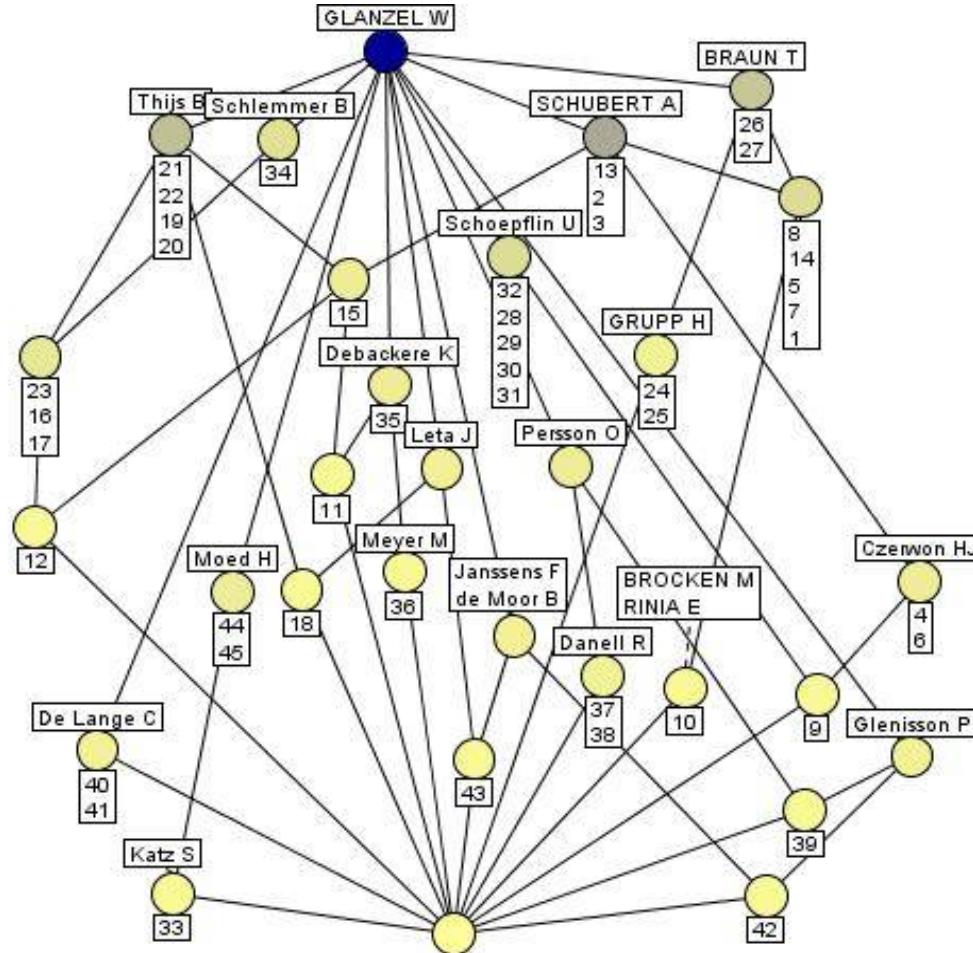
informetr OR bibliometr* OR scientometr**
Result: 2460 Documents

- Ranking of the authors and finding out who is the one with the biggest sets of publications: Glänzel, W.
- Exploring the cooperation patterns and showing a method for the creating an author's cooperation profile

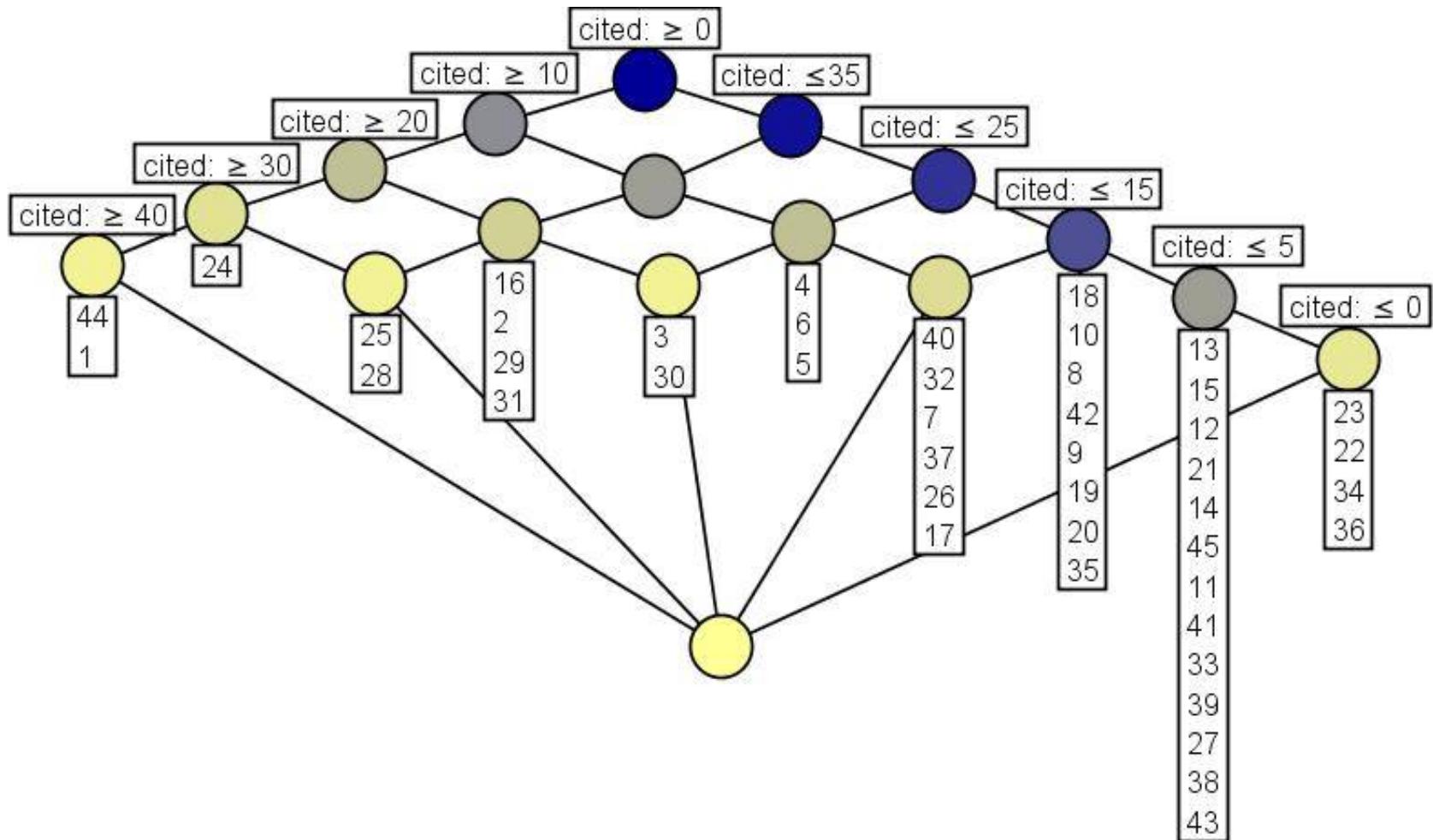
Cooperation profile of Glänzel, W.



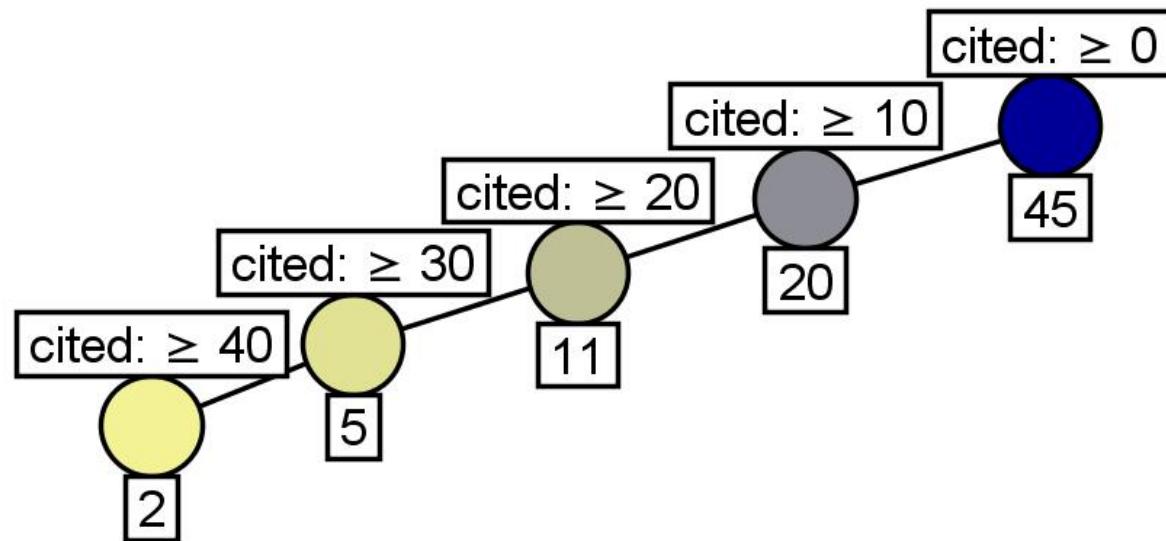
Cooperation Profile: Publications only



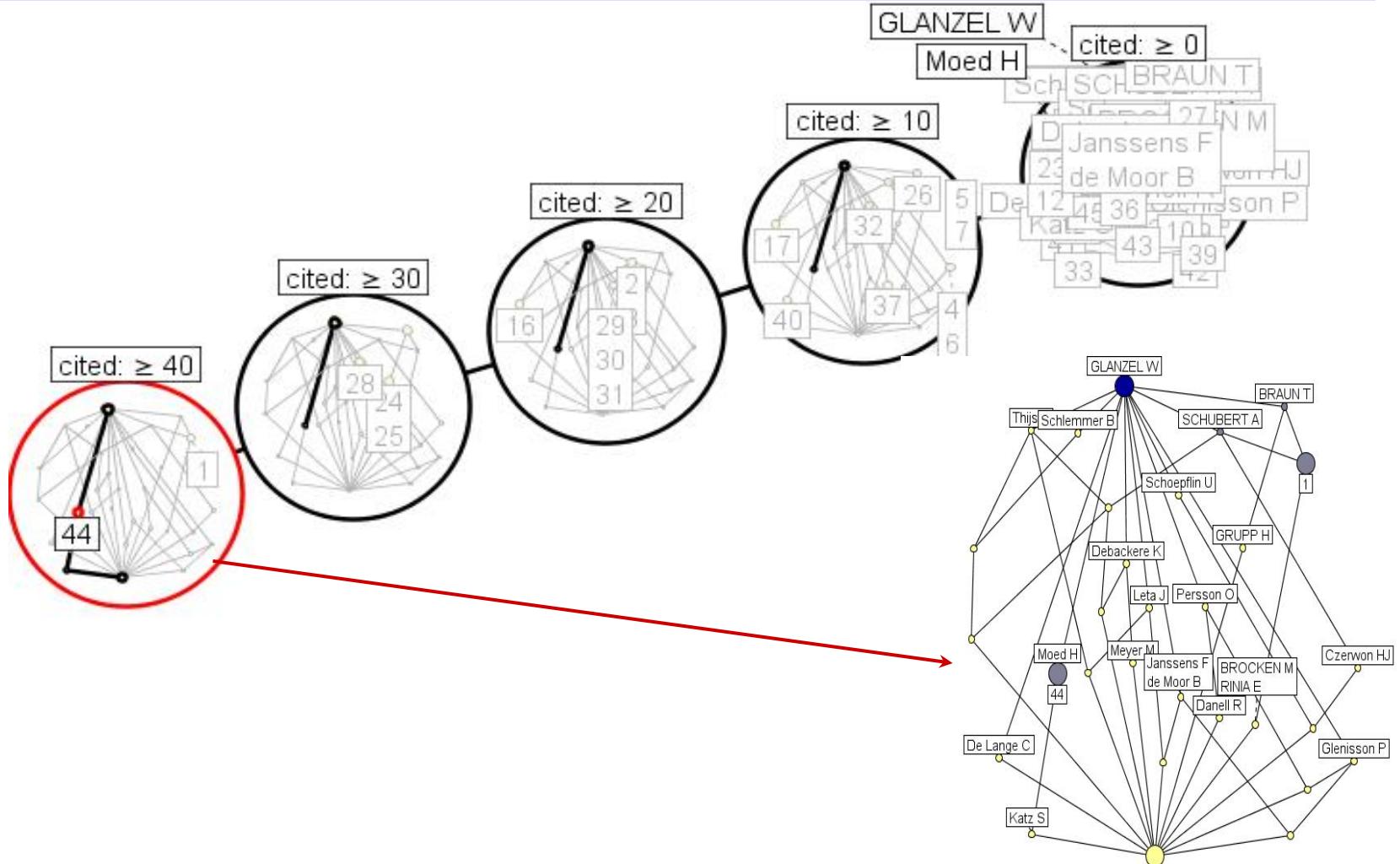
Interordinal Scale



Ordinal Scale



Ordinal Scale – Nested Diagram



FCA in the Bibliometrics - Advantages

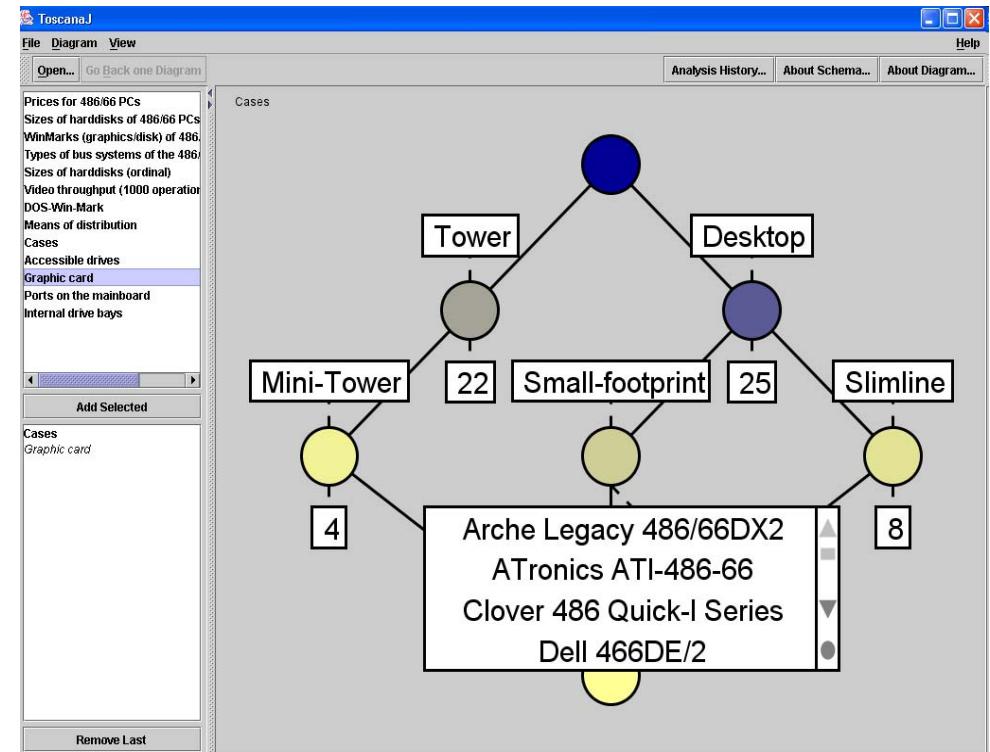
- an easy usage of different scales
- allows a dynamic browsing of the data
- shows logical implications
- „Zooming“ – adding attributes or objects is easy

Applications

- Toscana J:

<http://toscanaj.sourceforge.net/>

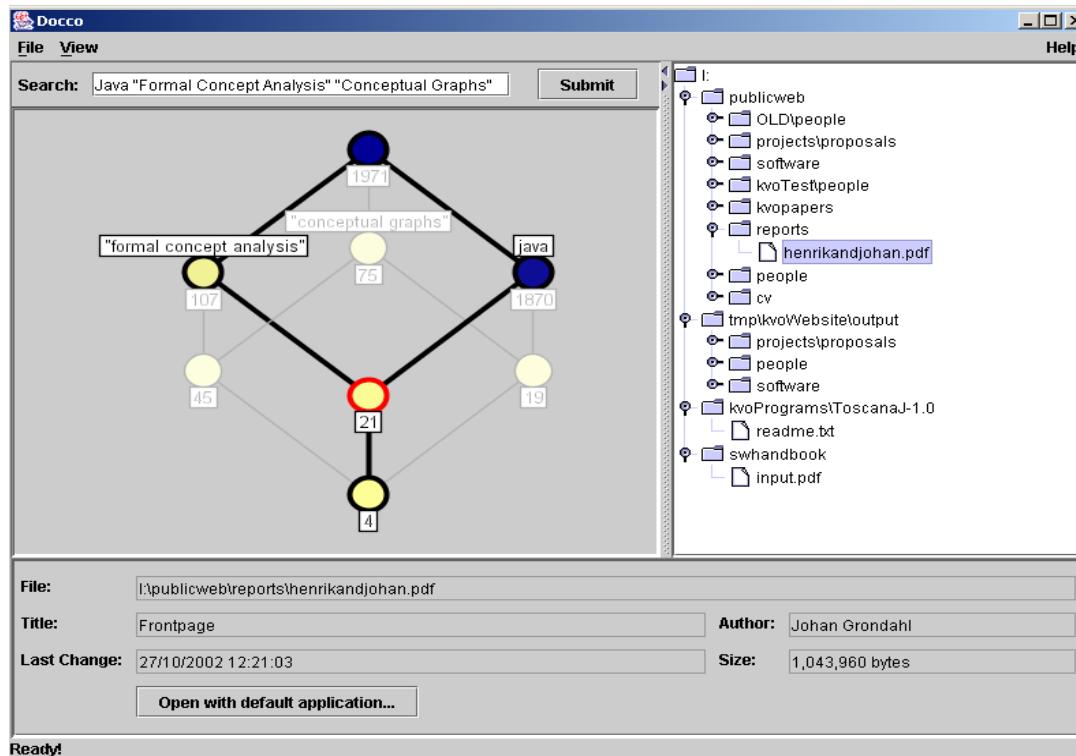
- First FCA literature retrieval system in a library (ZIT)



Applications

- Docco:

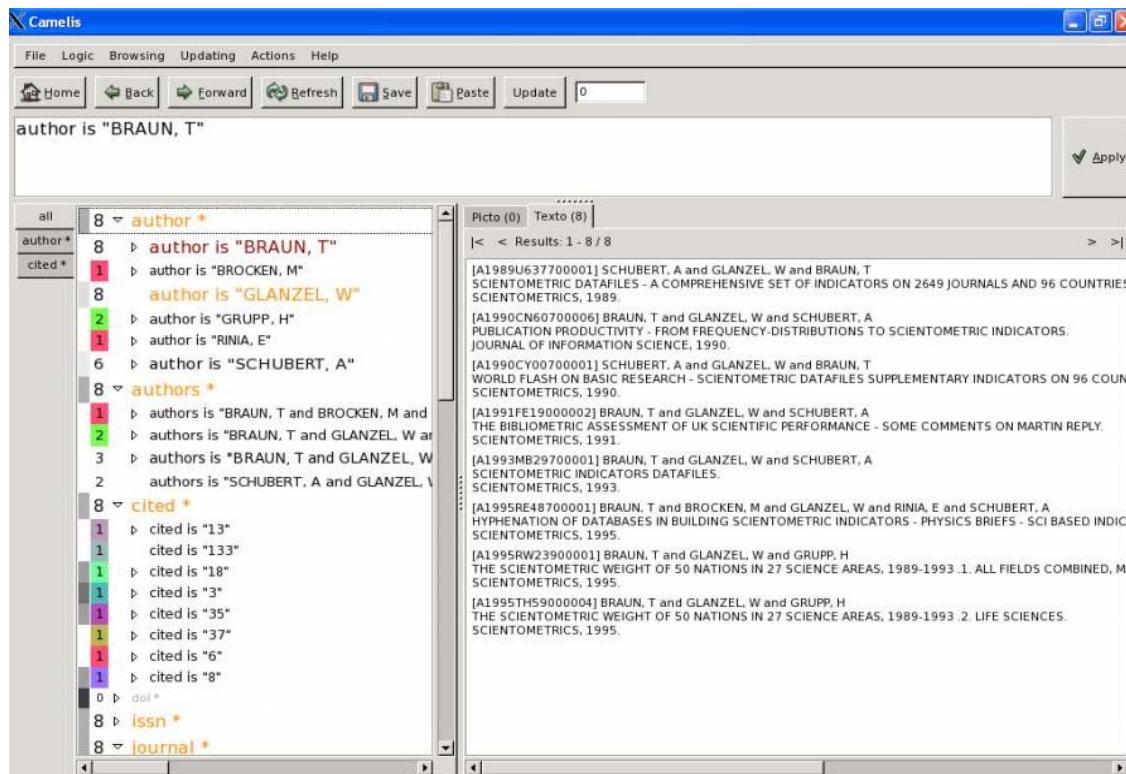
<http://tockit.sourceforge.net/docco/>



Applications

- Camelis:

<http://www.irisa.fr/LIS/ferre/camelis/documentation.html>



Outlook

- a model and a micro-bibliographic analysis
- high potential for visualisation of citation dependencies
- mining logical connection in sets of bibliographical data
- FCA as a supporting method
- tools for enrichment of bibliographical data and for personal archiving

Thank you for your attention!